I	The war-lord, the hero returns. Returns, to his home, victorious From the endeavour for justice.
	The ship 's in the harbour The sword waits at the hearth
	And I am his whore, his prize brought Back from the city he destroyed - In the endeavour for justice,
	The ship's in the harbour The sword waits at the hearth.
II	Curse of the earth - Apollo Violation - Apollo My destruction My destruction
	- Apollo - Apollo You deliver me, here, To die
	You burn me You damn me - Apollo
	- Apollo You send me, Predestined, A consort Here to be Sacrificed On the pyre.
III	The Feast, the children served up for For their father to eat and He, innocent, fills himself With the flesh of innocence.
	A daughter, a sacrifice Slain by her father to save The endeavour for justice.

Vengeance stalks the halls waiting To wield to sword for justice. **IV** A womb

Bearing murder The lust for vengeance The earth red with blood

Curses of victims	
-	- Death for death
Curses of heroes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-	- Death for death
Cry for vengeance	-
To fall on the house	

A tomb Bloody slaughter Witness destruction The earth runs with blood

Curses of infants

Curses of daughters

- Death for death Cry for vengeance To fall on the house

Altar The blade strikes The hero, brings him down The water swirls red

Curses of victims

- Death for death

- Death for death

Curses of heroes

- Death for death

Justice will come To clean out the house.

The text, after Aeschylus's *Agamemnon*, deals with four themes from Cassandra's *kommos*. Each text follows a similar trajectory: starting from different points but tracing the same path to the murders of Cassandra and Agamemnon and the avenging of these deaths.

Text I – Cassandra's plight, her story. 'Ordinary,' simple narrative of events Text II – Cassandra as Prophet, through her evocation of Apollo, foretells her own death. 'Fantastic'

Text III – Cassandra as seer, traces the events which will lead to her death Text IV – Cassandra foretells the next act of murder in the 'vendetta,' tracing the history of the curse which has befallen the house of Atreus

The work cuts between texts, with the exception of the first text which acts as a prologue. The two sections of the work follow a similar path, ending with the refrain from text IV. This division is marked by the extended tape interlude (rehearsal no. 16 of the score) which returns to the material of the opening prologue.